



2021 U.S. EPA International
Decontamination Research and
Development Conference

November 1-5, 2021



Human Safe, Near-Field Infection Protection (NIP)[™] for Continuous Pathogen Inactivation in Air and on Surfaces

Dr. Ernest R. Blatchley III

Principal Scientist,
Process Engineering

Lee A. Rieth Professor, Lyles School of Civil Engineering and
Division of Environmental & Ecological Engineering



Dr. Karl G. Linden

Principal Scientist,
Photobiology

Professor, Environmental Engineering
and Mortenson Professor in Sustainable Development



Dr. Joel J. Ducoste

Principal Engineer,
Modeling, and System Simulations

Professor, Civil, Construction
and Environmental Engineering

NC STATE UNIVERSITY

Infectious Disease Preparedness

■ Situation

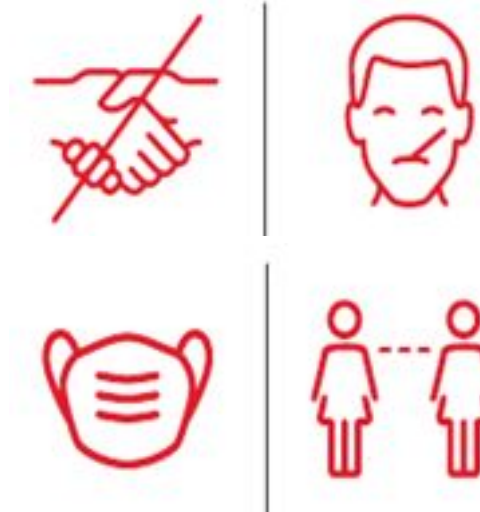
- Airborne pathogens threaten global health and economic security
- COVID-19 has restricted interpersonal interactions
- Health guidelines have been met with resistance

■ Complication

- Current PPE uses outdated technology and control of airborne pathogens varies
- Demand for PPE resulted in short supply, exorbitant costs, and solid waste disposal issues

■ Resolution

- **Near-field Infection Protection (NIP):** Far UV-C protection for an individual's personal space
- Incorporation of Far UV-C (222 nm) into wearable/portable devices to rapidly inactivate pathogens in air and on surfaces
- Provide a continuous 'invisible' bubble of clean air around a user



Commercially Available Far UV-C Sources: KrCl* Lamps

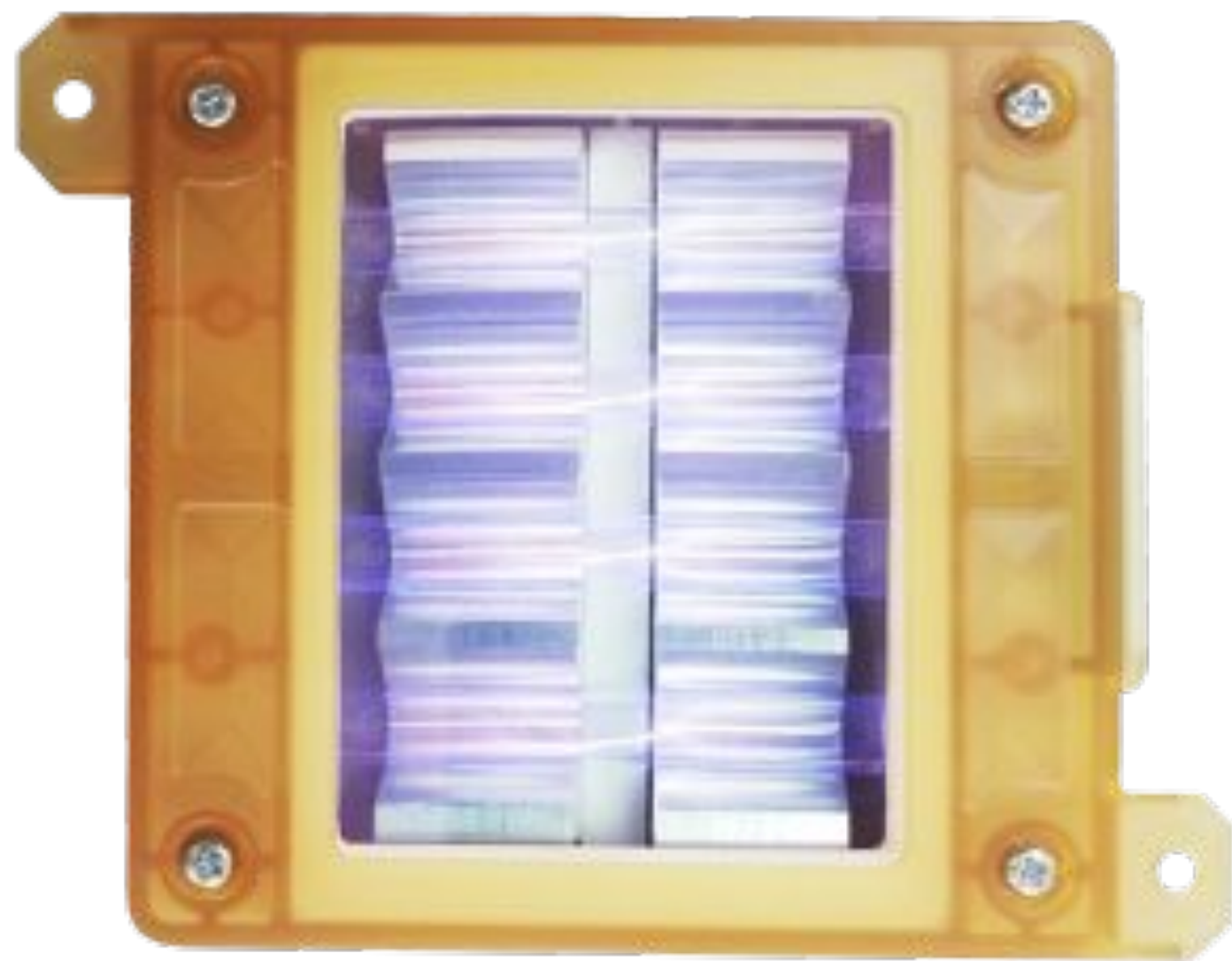


Image from www.ushio.com

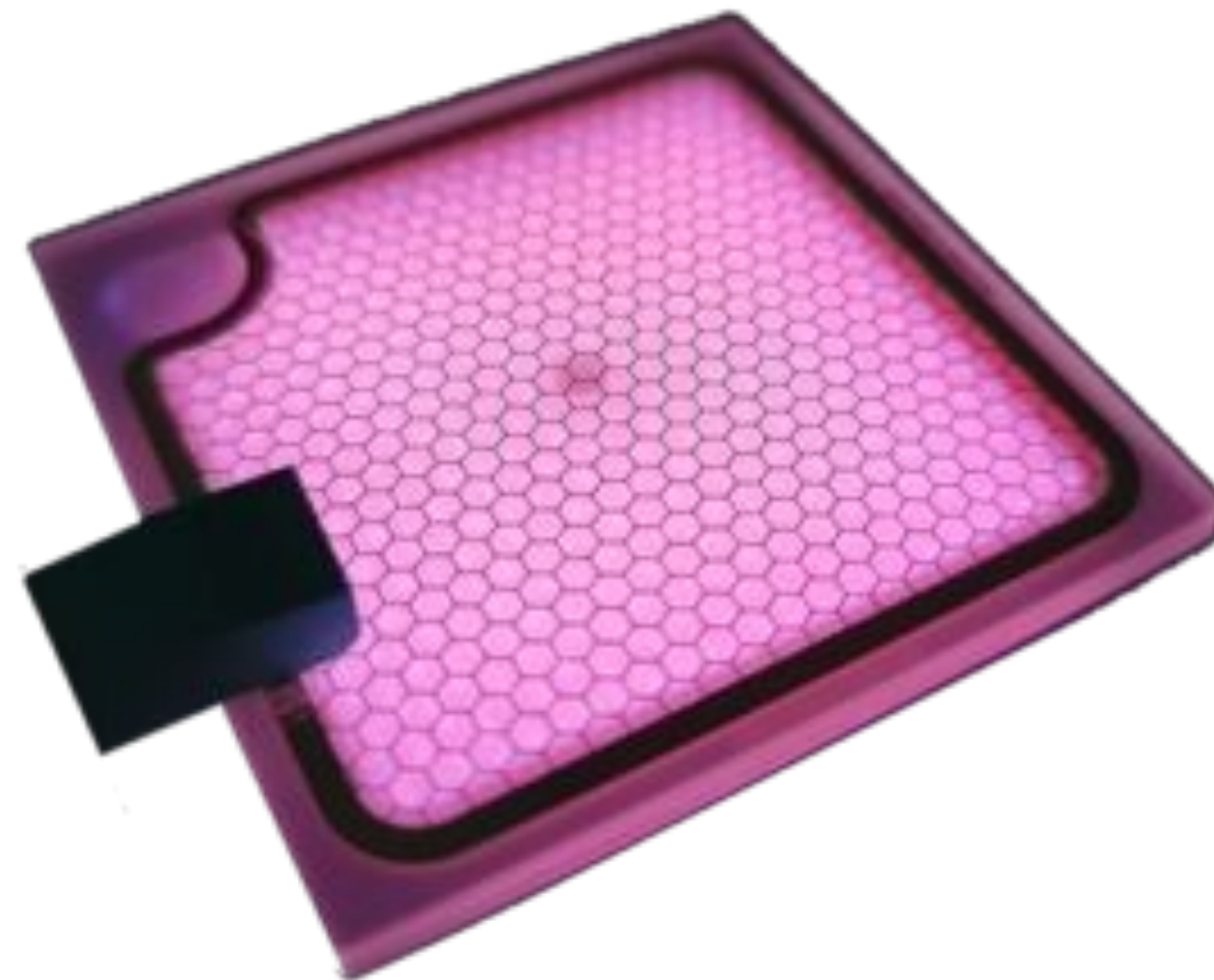


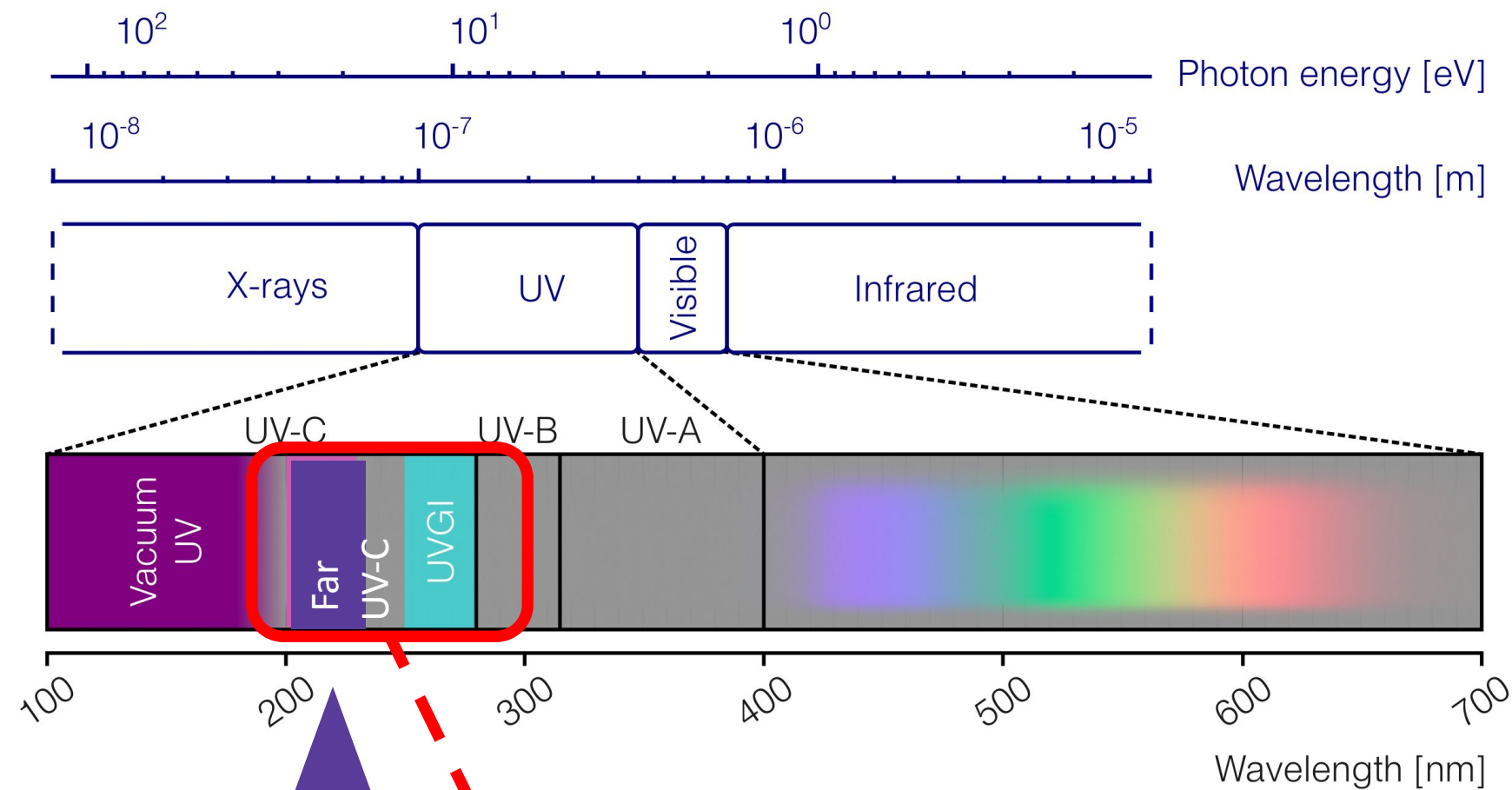
Image from www.edenpark.com

The Science: UV Radiation - Nomenclature



IUPAC

- UV: 100-400 nm
- UV-A: 315-400 nm
- UV-B: 280-315 nm
- UV-C: 200-280 nm
- Vacuum UV: 100-200 nm



Visible spectrum render from https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Rendered_Spectrum.png
Modified under Creative Commons licence

Far UV-C: $200 \text{ nm} \lesssim \lambda \lesssim 230 \text{ nm}$

- Not a formal definition; description of a wavelength range
- Effective for disinfection
- Minimal potential for damage to mammalian tissues (skin, eyes)
- Possible 'game-changing' technology

Germicidal UV: $200 \text{ nm} \lesssim \lambda \lesssim 320 \text{ nm}$

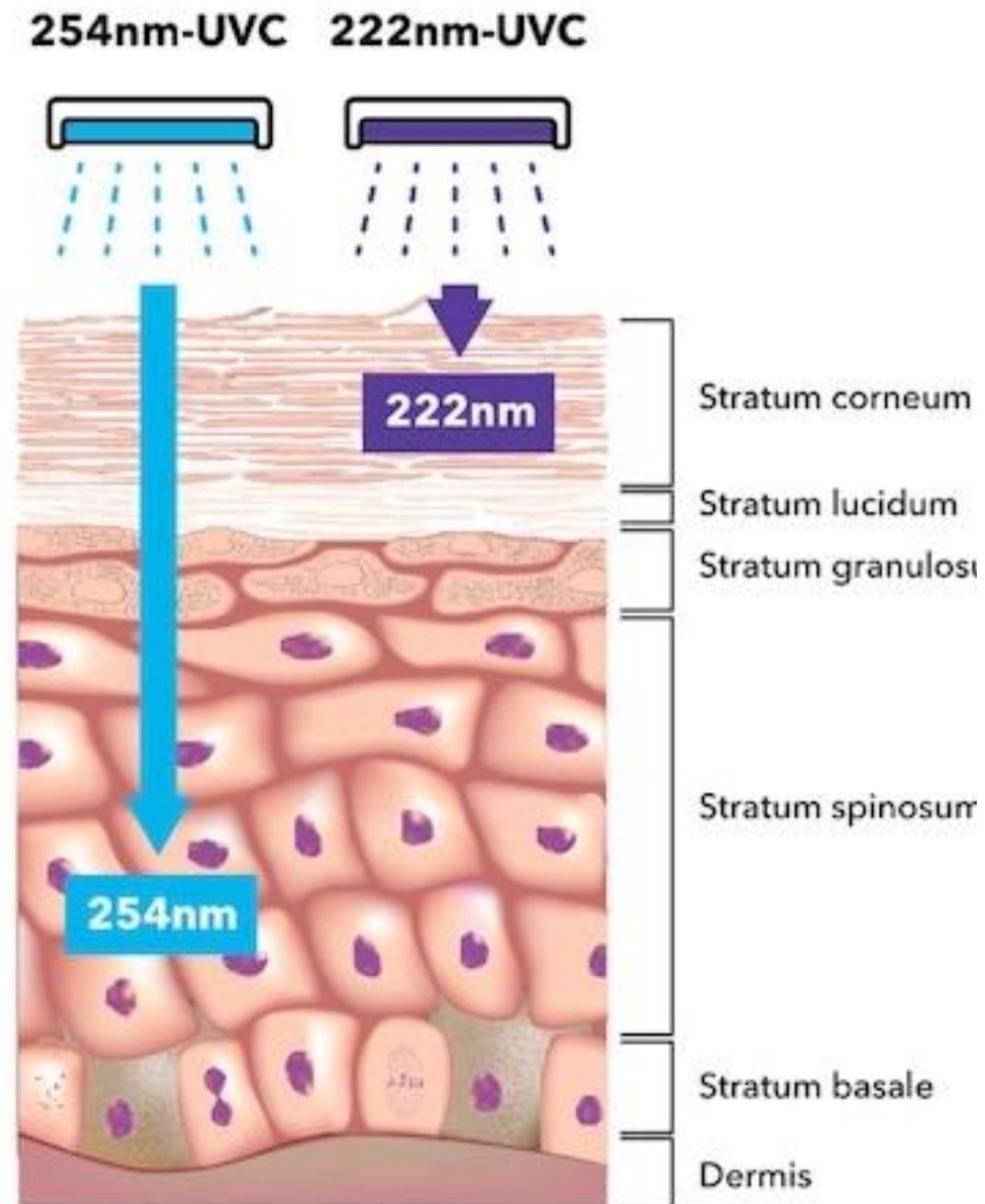
- Photochemical damage to DNA, RNA
- Protein damage ($\lambda \lesssim 240 \text{ nm}$)

Image from: *Far UV-C Radiation: Current State-of-Knowledge*
IUVA White Paper, <https://iuva.org/resources/covid-19/Far%20UV-C%20Radiation-%20Current%20State-of%20Knowledge.pdf>

UV Penetration Into Skin, Eye Tissues

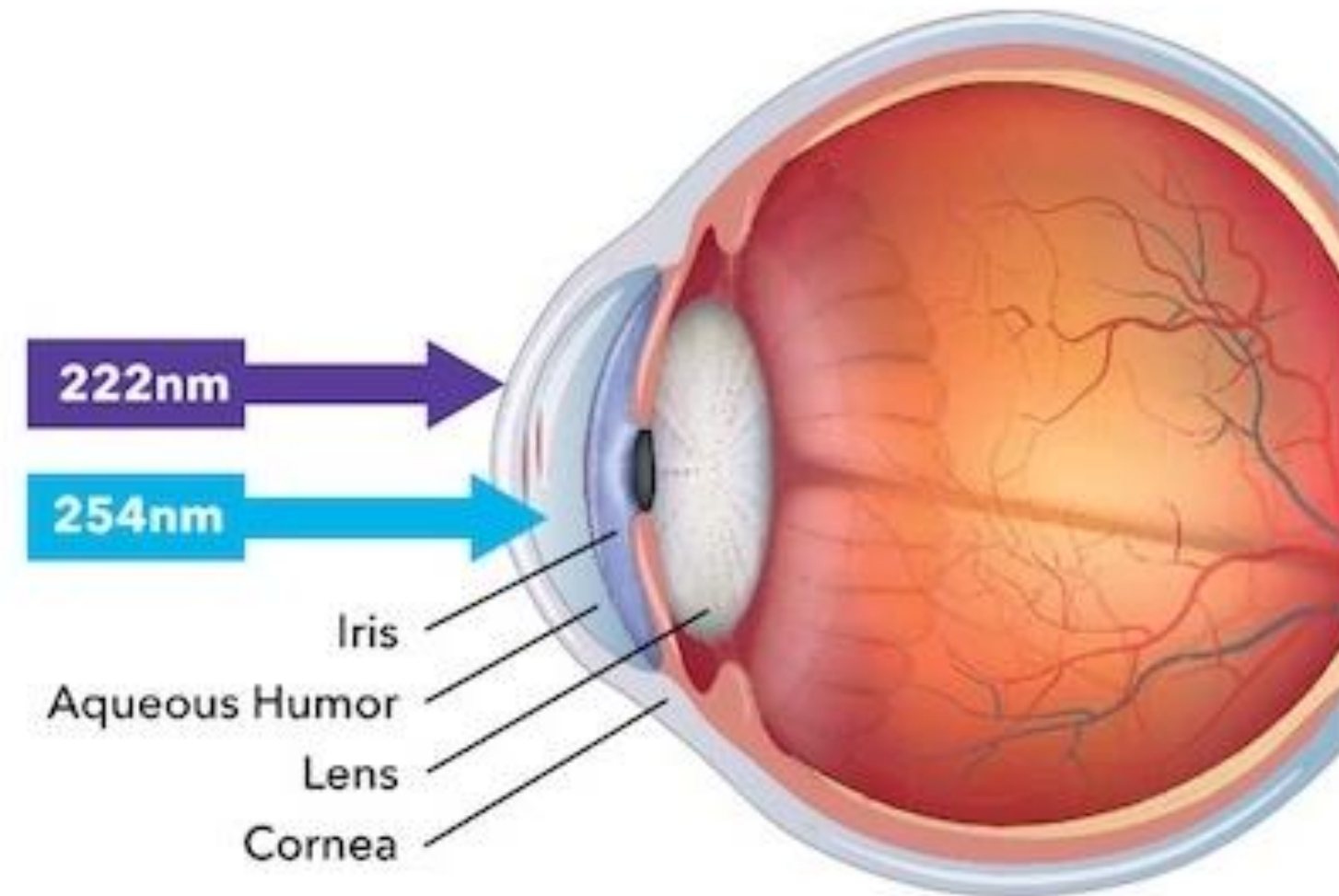
Structure of the epidermis

Penetration of epidermis of 254nm vs 222nm



Anatomy of the eye

DNA absorbance relative to wavelength



UV-C Exposure Limits (TLVs)

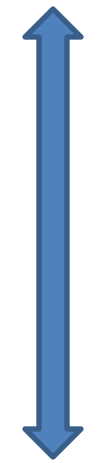


8-hr Exposure Limits ($\lambda = 222 \text{ nm}$)

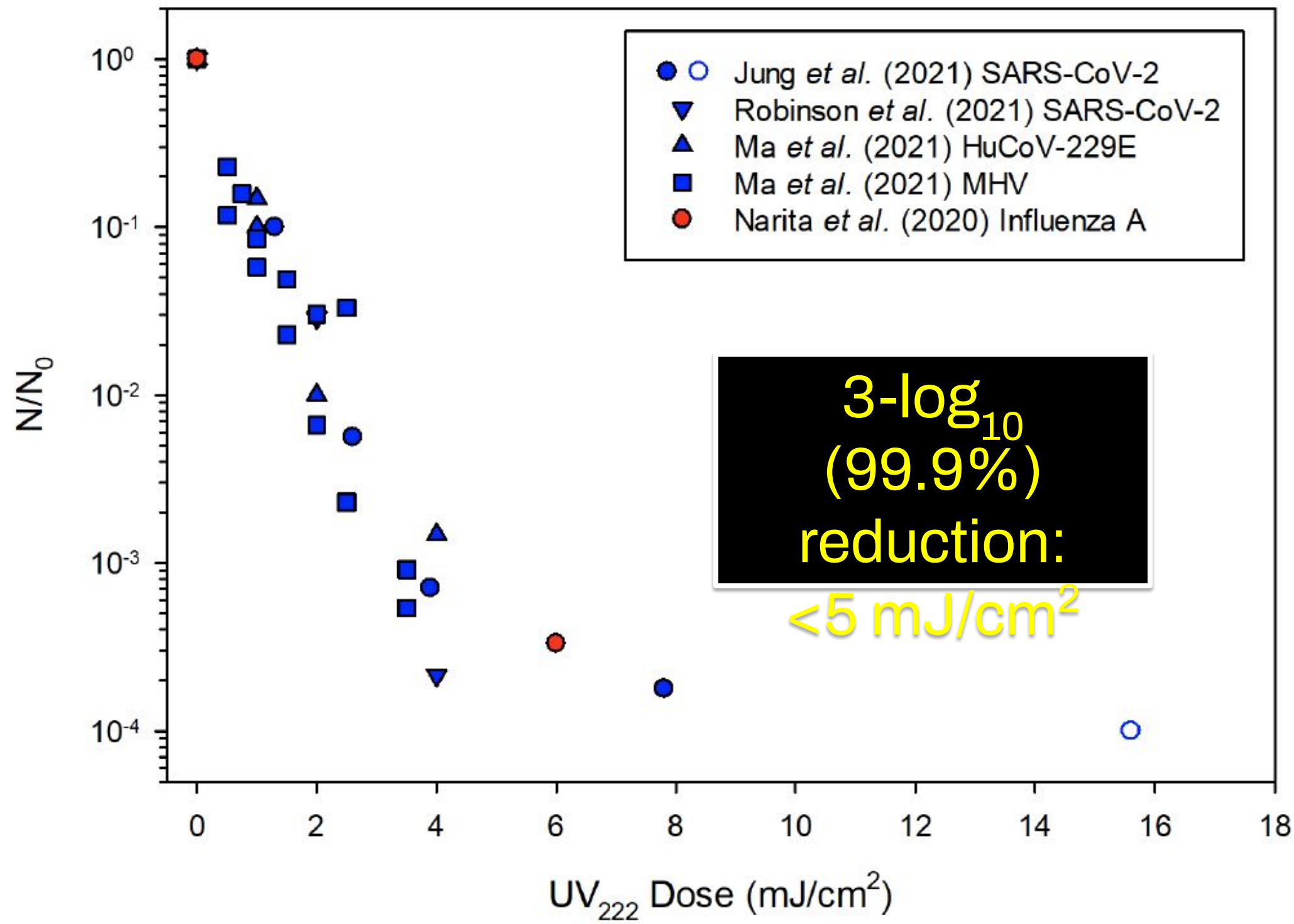
Current Guidance = 23 mJ/cm^2

ACGIH Proposal (Eyes) = 161 mJ/cm^2 ACGIH Proposal (Skin) = 479 mJ/cm^2

Output Spectra: KrCl* Lamps (Optically Filtered)



UV 222 nm Excimer Lamp Virus Disinfection



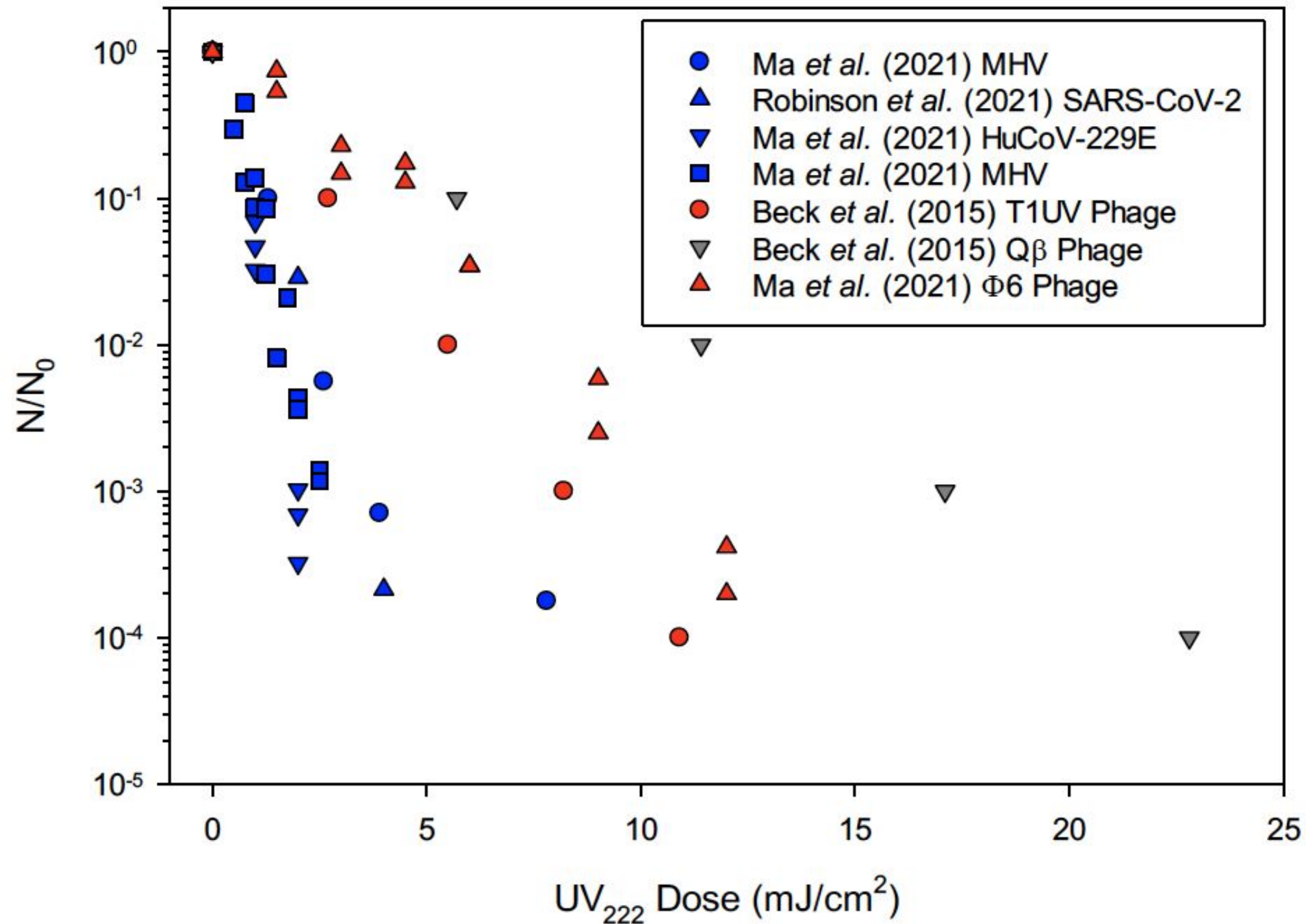
Respiratory viruses including

- SARS-CoV-2
- HuCoV-229E
- Influenza A

- ✓ Require very low UV doses
- ✓ All are among the most sensitive pathogens to UV

UV Dose = UV fluence rate x time of exposure

UV 222 nm Surrogates for Viral Pathogens



Pathogenic virus surrogates:

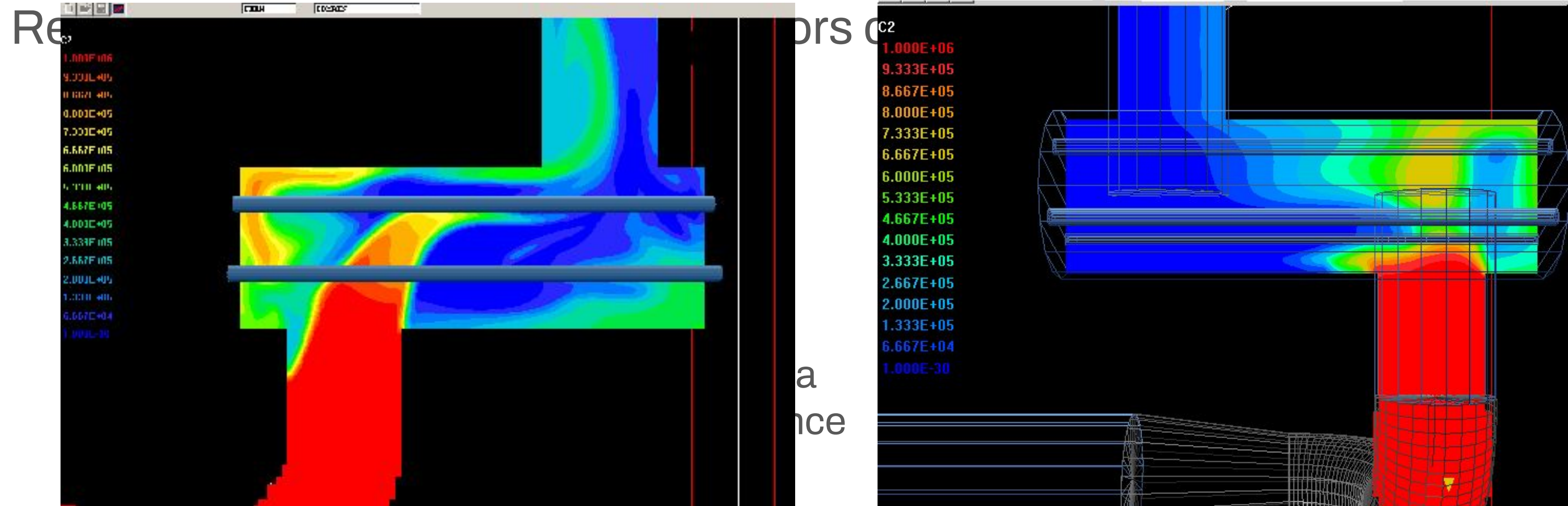
- T1 and T1UV phage
- Φ 6 phage
- Q β phage
- MHV (mouse virus)

- ✓ Similar linear behavior
- ✓ All are conservative for SARS-CoV-2

Phages infect bacteria, not human tissues

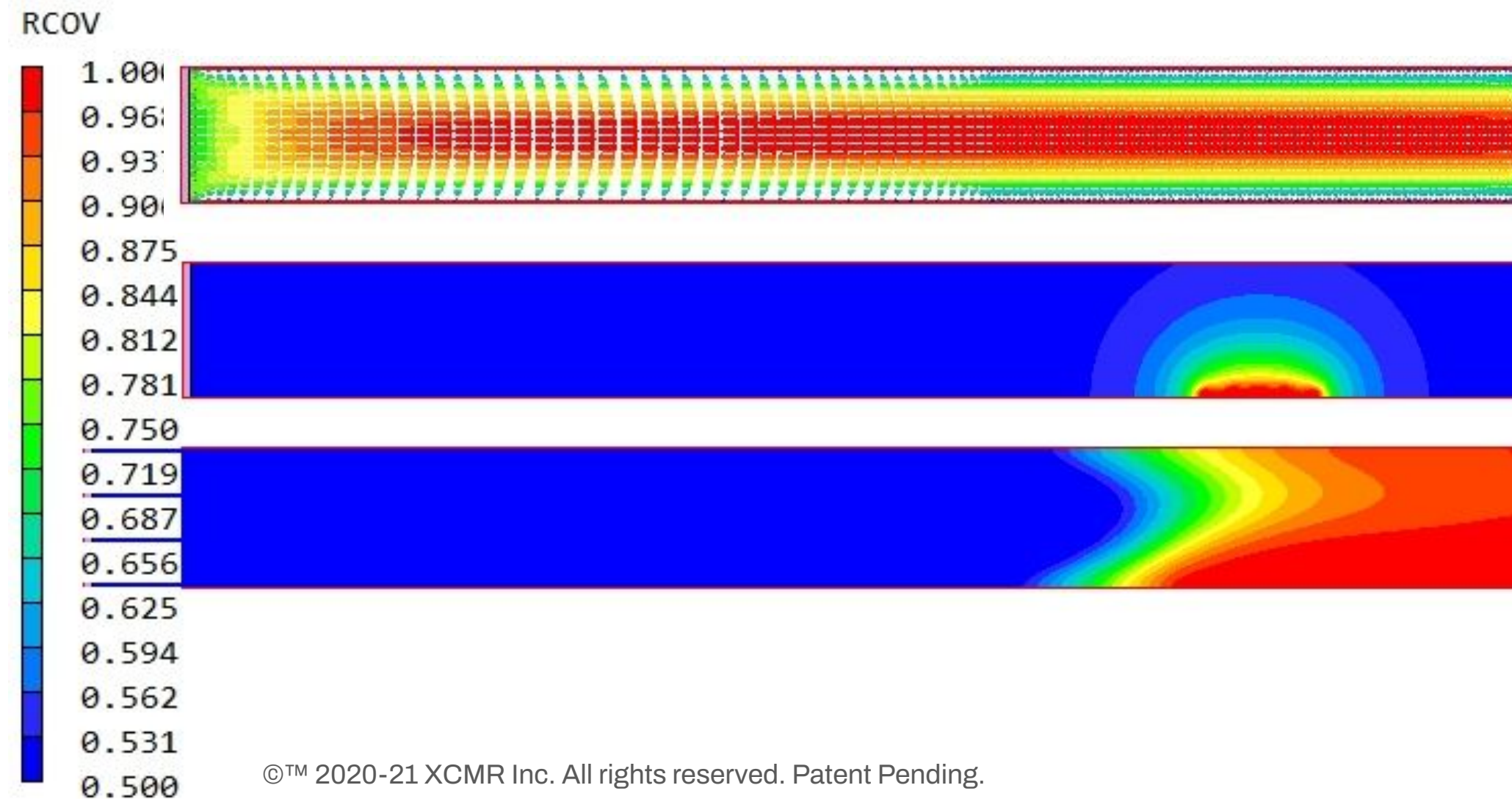
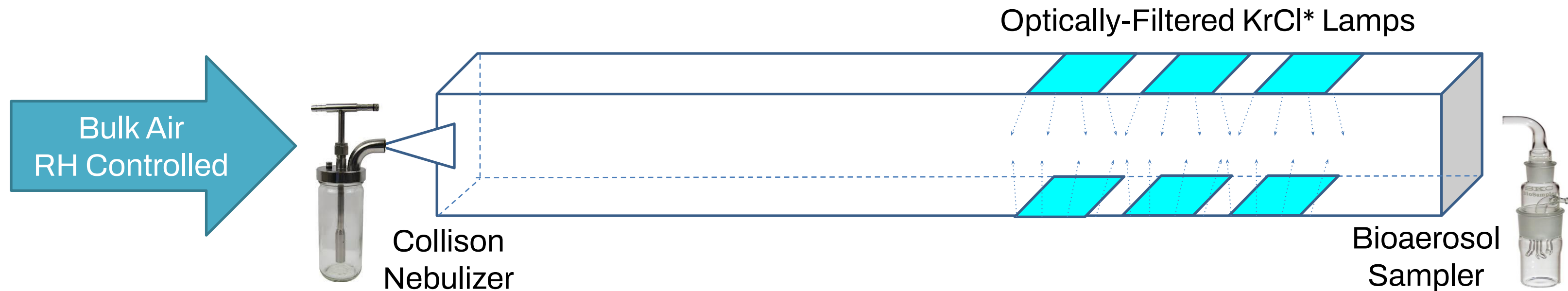
Modeling and System Simulations to inform UV performance and Design optimization

Numerical simulations provide a platform to investigate 'What-if' scenarios.



- A tool to better understand the process dynamics

Modeling and System Simulations to inform UV performance and Design optimization



Modeling and System Simulations to inform UV performance and Design optimization

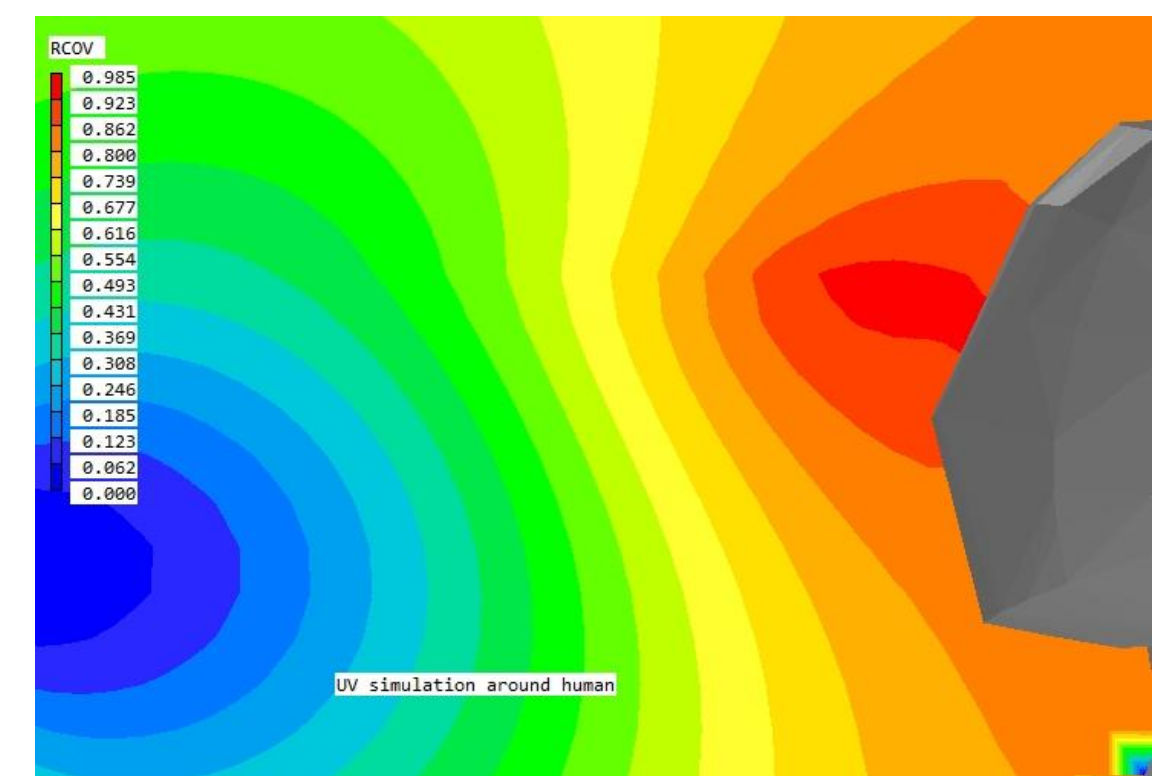
Velocity



Fluence Rate



Inactivation

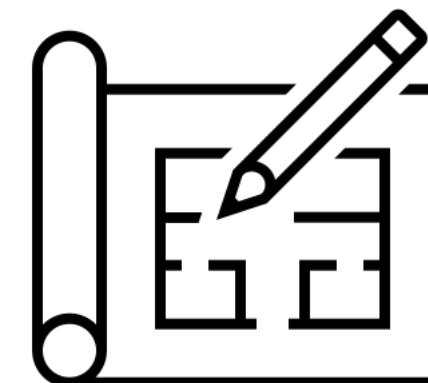
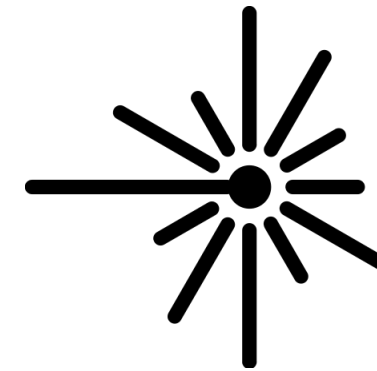


- With these additional capabilities
 - Cost effective optimal solutions are created
 - For Targeted human health protection



Informing the Future of Decontamination

- FAR UVC SOURCES – PHOTONICS
 - Advent of new and emerging sources that more efficiently generate Far UVC
 - Optimize Far UVC sources for small, mobile, and personal uses (NIP) vs. large volume (public) spaces
- DECONTAMINATION – BIOLOGY
 - Use of benchtop (powerful, consistent spectra) lamps to determine inactivation constants for pathogens and surrogates
 - Airborne in respiratory fluids, and on dried surfaces
- ENGINEERING – INTEGRATION – MODELING
 - Determine optimal use of 222 nm emission for decontamination (i.e., geometry, modeling/simulation using computational fluid dynamics)
 - IoT M2M protocol between NIP devices and embedded public systems to provide a fully coordinated multi-layered approach to biodefense in both detection and hazard mitigation
 - *Applicable to PPE as well as large volume space decontamination*



Team



Richard Rasansky

Chief Executive Officer

BS Entrepreneurial Management - Wharton, Computer Science & Electrical Engineering – UPenn



Kenneth Kelley

Chairman

MBA - Stanford,
BA Molecular Biology - Harvard



Dr. Karl G. Linden

Principal Scientist,
Photobiology

Professor, Environmental Engineering
Mortenson Professor in Sustainable
Development



Dr. Deborah Mosca

Chief Life Science Officer

PhD Biology - SUNY Buffalo
BS Biology/Genetics - Cornell



Hon. Andy Weber

Senior Fellow

MS Foreign Service & National Security –
Georgetown
BA American Studies - Cornell



Dr. Ernest R. Blatchley III

Principal Scientist, Process
Engineering

Lee A. Rieth Professor, Environmental
Engineering



Eric Snelgrove

VP Policy and Government Affairs

MBA – Massachusetts Institute of Technology
BA Political Science – Univ of New Hampshire



Joe Edwards

Executive Advisor, Strategy

BS Aerospace Engineering - United
States Naval Academy, MS Aviation
Systems – Univ of Tennessee, Knoxville



Dr. Joel J. Ducoste

Principal Engineer, Modeling
and Simulations

Professor, Civil, Construction, and
Environmental Engineering Department



Wayne Bryden

Research Fellow

President, Chief Executive Officer
ZeteoTech, Inc. [ZeteoTech](#)



Tom McCreery

Innovation Fellow

Vice President Innovation and Chief Operating
Officer ZeteoTech, Inc. [ZeteoTech](#)



2021 U.S. EPA International
Decontamination Research and
Development Conference

For further information:
Richard Rasansky, CEO
r@xcmr.co